

# THE RALEIGH NEWS

VOL XIV--NO. 94.

RALEIGH, N. C. THURSDAY MORNING DECEMBER 19, 1878.

\$5.00 PER ANNUM

**A Buck Down.**

What might be called a slight buck down seems to have taken place with the advocate of Judge Merrimon who has lately been writing him up in our daily neighbor. To a charge made by another correspondent that Senator Merrimon had written a letter in 1871, after Senator Ransom had beaten him in the Senate, in which he resigned the position of Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee and in effect dissolved his connection with the party because it had no offices for any but ex-Confederates! Senator Merrimon's advocate put in reply that was understood to be a positive denial. It now turns out that this same writer has the letter, or what he says is the letter, and yet he won't publish it!

This we say, looks like a clean buck down. We are told that twenty or thirty of the gentlemen saw that letter, and yet it has not been kept secret much longer. Why not bring it out gentlemen, and let the public judge? If one of the Judge Merrimon's friends says he has a genuine, why conceal it? Bring it out! Print it and let us see if it is really "honor to the author" as the "I" say? Bring it out!

In his annual report to Congress Secretary Sherman says that the expenditures of the Hayes Administration for military and naval purposes for the last year, the present year, and the next year will amount to a total of \$105,124,000.

This leaves the virtuous New York safe to pertinently observe that the great political leaders of their time, Webster, Clay and Calhoun, arraigned the Administrations of Jackson and Van Buren as was culpe of the public money, especially upon the army and navy. They were particularly severe upon Mr. Van Buren for his extravagant navy expenditures. They denounced both in the bitterest terms for their Black Hawk, Seminole, and other Indian wars, which proved to be so heavy a burden upon the Treasury. To defend those Administrations against these attacks required all the skill and eloquence of Benton, Wright, Calhoun, and their Democratic associates in the Senate and House. Jackson and Van Buren held the Presidency twelve years, the Administration of the latter being regarded in popular estimation as only a continuation of the former. Now, let us see what these two Administrations spent on the army and navy. During his eight years Jackson spent on the army \$49,000,000, and on the navy \$81,361,000 making a total of \$151,991. During his four years Van Buren spent on the army \$42,592,216, and on the navy \$25,016,54, making a total of \$67,603,000; these sums make an aggregate of \$49,180,891 expended by Jackson and Van Buren on the army and navy in the twelve consecutive years of their Administrations. This, it will be perceived, is less by \$5,937,109 than the amount which the Fraudulent Administration proposes to expend on the army and navy in only three years! In other words, it is carrying on the army and navy at a rate more than four times as expensive as that which evoked the bitter animosities of Webster, Clay, Calhoun, and their followers in the days of Jackson and Van Buren.

The reported interview between "Sam" of the Cincinnati Enquirer and Hayes perfectly measures the length and size of the White House budget.

"Guth" inquired—

"What is the next movement of the Democrats or the opposition, Mr. President?"

"It looks to me," said President Hayes, "as if General Butler would take the leadership of all the anti-Republcan forces in Congress." This seemed such a startling remark as came from the President that we all sat still a moment. Mr. Hayes spoke first, "Don't look that way to you?" he said. "See the irresolution they show in Congress. They look as if they were waiting for somebody to come forward and lead the opposition column. Who is there so likely to be the man as General Butler?"

"Why?" said I, "there is Senator Thurman, who has just arrived on the spot. Is he not likely to be their leader?"

"Of course," said the President. "He has been regarded for some time as rather the highest exponent of his party in the Senate; but this time seems to me favorable for the appearance of some person who may make a stir. I should not be surprised if Buter would avail himself of the chance; and they would build up a considerable party for the time being. Indeed, a following for a while."

**The Gallows in Pennsylvania.**  
By Telegraph to the News.

**POTTSVILLE, PA., Dec. 18.—**Jack Kehoe, the notorious Mollie Maguire, was hanged at 10:31 this morning. When he mounted the platform the sheriff asked whether he had anything to say before the sentence of the law should not be executed. Kehoe answered in the affirmative, and pausing to take breath said: "I am not guilty of the murder of Langdon. I never saw the crime committed."

**Two Men Killed.**  
By Cable to the News.

**LODGE, Dec. 18.—**The steamer Elgin, from Galveston, had two men killed by the washer of a patent tub giving out.

**Congress.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—**Senate-Bills were introduced by Conkling of New York by request, to provide for the appointment of stenographers for the courts of the United States. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Morgan, of Alabama, bill to regulate the tariff of charges on through and local freight and for passage over lines of railway in the territories of the U. S. Referred to the same committee.

Beck of Ky., called up from the table a bill introduced by him on the 16th, to repeal sections 820 and 921, revised statutes of the United States, prescribing additional causes of disqualification of members of the House of Representatives were also presented. A number of Southern Senators, being absent, the selection was not made, but Messrs. Whyte, Ransom, and Saulsbury were authorized to prepare a list for appointment by the Vice-President after ascertaining the views of those who were not present at the meeting. There is considerable difficulty in obtaining the consent of members of either party to serve upon the committee.

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**Investigation of Blaine's Charges.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18.—**A private meeting of the Democratic Senators was held this morning for the purpose of designating four of their number to serve as members of the committee to investigate under the Blaine resolution. Several prominent Democratic members of the House of Representatives were also present. A number of Southern Senators, being absent, the selection was not made, but Messrs. Whyte, Ransom, and Saulsbury were authorized to prepare a list for appointment by the Vice-President after ascertaining the views of those who were not present at the meeting. There is considerable difficulty in obtaining the consent of members of either party to serve upon the committee.

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**The Potter Investigating Committee.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—**The Potter committee to-day agreed that the sub-committee on the subject of the investigation in Louisiana shall consist of chairmen Potter and Gen. Cox, of Ohio. They will start for New Orleans soon after Congress adjourns for the holiday recess, and expect to finish their labors within a week after their arrival in New Orleans. Nothing else was done at to-day's meeting, and again there was no mention of that hotel and the clerk was bound to make the most of it. The "party" consisted of two Italian dwarfs, both in top-boots and moustaches and goatees and neither larger than a good-sized doll. The woman with the liberal supply of hair was Millie Christine, who exhibited in this city, at the Assemblies Building, eight nights, created a stir among the physicians who had before them for several days, at Jefferson Medical College, and afterward delivered lectures on her. For the past eight years she has been on a tour of exhibition in Europe, under the management of Mr. Smith, who returned to this country with her four weeks ago, and has since exhibited her and the dwarfs in Boston and other New England cities.

The Nightingale is twenty-seven years old. She was born in Gloucester county, North Carolina, of slaves. There were fifteen children in the family, and she was being portioned off to each as she was born. The parents, as are the parents, The woman has been an exhibition since she was two years old. She has had an eventful experience. Twice she has been stolen, once from New Orleans, where she was on exhibition. In a few months she turned up in a New York orphan asylum. Her owner (she was in slave times) got her back again. A few months later she was stolen for the second time and turned up in England, where the enterprise then was exhibiting her. Again she was recovered. She was exhibited all over the United States afterward, and then taken to the old country. In London the sawyer men gave her the name of Nightingale on account of her vocal powers. She sings well, dances well and speaks three or four different languages, among them French.

The two heads sit on her shoulders at angles to each other, so that the net which keeps up the hair of one touches the neck of the other. The net which keeps up the hair of the other, and is the owner with it, the two heads may bump against each other in playing-times. She has the power of conversation. The singular part is her conversation. One head begins to talk, the other listens, the face becomes animated. At this point the observer catches sight of the other face looking over the other shoulder with a sort of grin on it and the other eyes to the left in them. A man may be excused if his attention strays at this point and the utterances of the first tongue become lost on him in contemplating the other physiological contemplation. Presently the second tongue begins to talk too, and the two are a sort of race between them. One head is very masculine and the other feminine, and the voices vary similarly. In talking the tongues "chip in" and cross each other.

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**The Labor Question.**

By Cable to the News.

**LOSING, Dec. 18.—**In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Cross, Home Secretary, answering an inquiry as to whether it was true, as reported, but we are now face to face with such a crisis in distress as this generation has never known," said, though much distress unhappily prevailed among the laboring poor, the description of it in question was exaggerated and was nothing to cause unnecessary alarm.

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**England's Suffering Poor.**

By Cable to the News.

**LOSING, Dec. 18.—**The House Committee on Banking and Currency to-day heard Representative Burchard, of Illinois, in advocacy of his bill to prohibit any discrimination by National banks against the Standard silver dollar.

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**National Banks and the Dollar of the Bankers.**

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**The Tobacco Tax Question.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18.—**The Senate Finance Committee to-day continued the hearing of tobacco manufacturers, Mr. Charles Sandler, of the firm of P. Lorillard & Company, of New York, was the only one to present an argument. He maintained that it was absolutely necessary for the interest of commerce that the tobacco tax should be reduced and if it was not done that the tobacco trade in the United States would be virtually legislated out of existence.

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**The Labor Question.**

By Cable to the News.

**INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 18.—**General Ewing, of Ohio, submitted as a substitute for Burchard's bill another bill relative to the silver dollar, a new measure, embracing three positions, viz.: First, that any National bank which discommuniates against the standard silver dollar shall be placed in liquidation and have its circulating notes withdrawn by the Government. Second, to make United States notes and standard silver dollar interchangeable at the Treasury. Third, to provide for the exchange at minus of standard silver dollars for trade dollars, with the same weight and fineness. The committee adjourned until after holiday recess, without taking any action.

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**Electric Blashes.**

By Cable to the News.

**INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 18.—**General Ewing, a New York lawyer, died yesterday. He was President of the Knights of Honor.

James Smith was found hanged to a bed post in his room at the St. Nicholas yesterday.

Last night at St. Louis a part of a large steel wall fell on a dry goods store, crushing it, and later a fire broke out in the ruins, which completely destroyed everything.

The new Italian cabinet are: Signori Deputati, Minister of Interior; Counti, Foreign Affairs; Magistrati, Finance; Spagnoli, Justice; Gatti, War; Cipolla, Public Instruction.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the payment of the coupon interest of the public debt, due Jan. 1st, without regard, in coin or currency, as claimant may choose.

The habeas corpus case of "Red" Leahy, the Manhattan Bank burglar, came up in the New York Supreme Court yesterday. Judge Davis said that the prisoner should be produced to day, escorted by armed guards, who should shoot any person who attempted to rescue, as was tried Monday, when he was captured.

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**Naval Affairs.**

By Telegraph to the News.

**LOSING, Dec. 18.—**The Standard's St. Petersburg dispatch says, the Russian Mission at Cabul was formally and officially withdrawn.

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**Heavy Failure in Sweden.**

By Cable to the News.

**LOSING, Dec. 18.—**Advices from Stockholm state that another firm failed with three million crowns liabilities.

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**English Financial Troubles.**

By Cable to the News.

**LOSING, Dec. 18.—**Seabins & Co., iron importers of Cardiff and New Port, failed in consequence of the stoppage of the tin plate works of Booker & Co., near Swansea, whose bills they held to a large amount. Their failure considerably increases the liabilities of the West of England and South Wales District Bank.

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**Female Mormons Favor Polygamy.**

By Cable to the News.

**ASHEVILLE, Dec. 18.—**Chief Justice Waite has taken another stand in the direction of destroying local self-government by issuing a writ of error in the case of the Republican Congressman Sanders, of South Carolina, convicted in the courts of that State, by overwhelming testimony, of bribery and perjury. Justice Waite, in his action on section 641 of the Revised Statutes, which authorizes the transfer to the United States courts of cases in which the party interested cannot secure equal civil rights in the State courts. That law was passed with the same motive which engendered the act creating Federal Supervisors, and has been used by the Radicals, as it was intended, for getting Radical thieves and plunderers out of the country under the laws of the State, where they have violated the law. The late detective justice, and it was designed. The writ issued by Chief Justice Waite is simply an outrageous method of interference, and the law which authorizes it is unconstitutional and should be wiped out.

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**Committee to Investigate Epidemic Diseases.**

By Telegraph to the News.

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**Feminine Mormons Favor Polygamy.**

By Cable to the News.

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## DAILY NEWS

THURSDAY, DECEMBER, 19 1878  
ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY  
The News Building, No. 6, Martin Street

### False Experts.

Few subjects have awakened a more widespread and profound interest in professional circles, throughout the United States, during the past year, than the effort of Dr. Eugene Grissom Superintendent for our Asylum for the Insane, to secure reforms in the reception of the testimony of medical experts, in trials involving the issue of insanity.

The public is familiar with the fact that in Washington, at the annual meeting of the Association of American Superintendents of the Insane, in an essay on this subject, entitled "True and False Experts," Dr. Grissom held up to public scorn the practices of a set of venal men who degraded the honor of their profession, by the virtual sale of opinions, to the highest bidder, for the purpose of screening the guilty or convicting the innocent, as the case might be, by testimony apparently candid and nominally scientific, but really shaded and arranged with wonderful art to play a trade which he well described as akin to the informer in the famous bloody assizes of Ireland.

The chief of these offenders was a man of high rank in professional eminence, an author of distinction, an editor of a medical journal, and almost an autocrat in his sphere as a specialist in nervous disorders. His influence was simply enormous, and his talents great and unquestioned, for he held a professorship in one of the first medical institutions of the country. Time and again he was more than suspected of evil practices, and unscrupulous deeds, but it is not too much to say that he was feared by some, dreaded by more, and blindly worshipped by no small following.

It was a bold act, therefore, to stand forth and arraign such a man at the bar of outraged justice, with no personal ends whatever to serve and everything to risk in a struggle to check a gigantic and a growing evil, and in the combat to meet a man entrenched as Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, in the very citadel of professional power. The Grissom-Hammond controversy, as it has been termed by a curious misnomer, may well have inspired fears for the ruin of a gallant man throwing all of his professional reputation into a single-handed contest, inspired only by the recollection of the blood of poor Reynolds, and the doom pronounced upon other victims of a calamity sent by the hand of Providence.

What must be the satisfaction then, to witness the triumph, hardly bought, but splendidly achieved, of our fellow citizen, and fellow Carolinian. Public opinion has been expressed with care and deliberation. Shocked and astounded at first, the medical journals were silent for a time, but one by one they have yielded to the logic of facts, until from the most remote corners of the Union come the approving voices of his brethren expressing their thanks that this noble work for humanity has been so effectually done.

As a contribution to the history of our times, we should be glad if our columns would permit the publication at length of many reviews and notices of what is most truly a trial and condemnation of Dr. Hammond, but we must content ourselves with a few excerpts:

The Philadelphia Medical Times, of a recent date, has a leading editorial on this subject. The editor of the Times is well-known, is the celebrated Prof. Horatio C. Wood, one of the most brilliant ornaments of the profession in this country. The Times gives a history of the case and properly says that it "is a matter not of private but of public moment." After relating in brief the several false testimonies in various trials alleged to have been made by Dr. Hammond, it proceeds: "Of course a wicked man may make a true accusation, and a man of good repute a false one. Nevertheless, the gravity of a charge in a case like the present is enhanced by a previous character for ability and probity on the part of the accuser. Dr. Grissom is a prominent chemist, of good repute among his associates, and is a member of the Judicial Council of the American Medical Association. Under the circumstances it seems inconceivable but that he believes to be true what he asserts. To prefer such charges falsely, or even lightly, against a physician of Dr. Hammond's renown, would be professional suicide."

"These considerations in no way prove the truth of the accusation, but they do remove the transaction from the arena of mere personal dispute and quarrel, and entitle it to rank as a semi-official censure of the asserted culprit before the profession, by one selected by the profession to judge of its ethical and moral qualities. This view of the case is further strengthened by the somewhat defiant offer (in response to Dr. Hammond) of Dr. Grissom to prove his charges before a jury and to deposit sufficient bonds to cover any probable award of damage.

"Under these circumstances the case assumes a most serious aspect. There is no medical man in these United States that could afford to allow his reputation to rest for a day in this position."

After alluding to the evident endorsement of Dr. Grissom's bold stand, by the overwhelming majority of the Superintendents of the Insane in America, and the fact that Dr. Hammond has made "no straight-forward, complete denial of them, and no attempt to disprove the detailed statements and documentary evidence offered by Dr. Grissom," the distinguished editor proceeds:

"A simple denial from Dr. Hammond

of the accusations against him would have deserved had great weight with the profession, but his "open letters" are such a mixture of seeming evasion, school-boy wit, pernicious abuse, and disgraceful vulgarity, that we think they must have astonished his warmest friends. They certainly do not meet the needs of his cause at all. The profession will be very slow to believe his accusations against the Superintendents' Association, and if he, Dr. Hammond, and not Dr. Grissom, who is at the bar of public opinion. If Dr. Hammond would retain any of the respect of the profession, he must make a brief and pointed but detailed denial of the charges, and follow this by citing Dr. Grissom either before the Judicial Council of the American Medical Association, or before a jury in a libel suit. Of one thing he may be certain, that by his own replies he has done much to turn against himself the current of professional opinion, and that the circumstances of the case imperatively demand decisive action on his part."

The Ohio Medical Recorder (Columbus O.) says: "The gist of the controversy is as follows: Grissom accused Hammond of being a 'false expert,' in that he had in some cases, as an expert and for a large fee, testified so as to acquit the prisoner, while in other cases, of identical nature, but when he was paid as an expert by the opposite party, he had testified so as to convict the prisoner" etc., Dr. Grissom backs up his statements in every particular, by court records. Dr. Hammond replied to Dr. Grissom by a tirade of personal abuse bringing no evidence whatever, in rebuttal, nor, indeed, hardly entering a denial of the charges. Here is a specimen of his choice blustering:—\*

Dr. Hammond having thus, as "Sir John," "vived himself in base comparisons," Dr. Grissom very briefly responds, in closing the controversy, that a creature capable of such language as that quoted above, has "descended to a depth which no epithet in one's tongue can fully describe, and safely placed himself where it would be folly to pursue, even to award him the honor of contempt."

The Philadelphia Druggist and Chemist is still more pronounced in condemnation of Dr. Hammond. We have, also, in the November number of the Nashville Journal of Medicine and Surgery, a publication in full of a series of resolutions on this subject passed by the Knox County Section of the East Tennessee Medical Society, some of which we quote, shedding a light, as the preamble does, upon the justice of the cause of our fellow citizen. The resolutions were considered and recommended by the committee on Ethics.

"Whereas, We, the members of the Knox County Section of the East Tennessee Medical Society, are acquainted with the purport of, and circumstances connected with the essay of Dr. Eugene Grissom, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum of the State of North Carolina, read before the Association of Superintendents of Insane Asylums, at the meeting in Washington City, on the 2d day of May, 1878; also with two "open letters" of Dr. W. A. Hammond, of New York and Dr. Grissom's answer thereto; and

Whereas, We previously had knowledge of circumstances strongly supporting the fact of fraud practiced upon one or more citizens of our own section by the same Dr. Hammond, and have since been accustomed to look upon him as an impostor and a deceiver; therefore,

Resolved, That we heartily commend Dr. Grissom and tender him our congratulations and thanks for the thorough and efficient manner in which he has handled and shown up Dr. W. A. Hammond's frauds and deceptions; and should Dr. Grissom desire it proper to proceed further in the matter, we bid him God speed in his good work.

Resolved, That the Nashville Medical Journal and the New York Medical Record be requested to publish the action of this Society, and that an official copy be sent to Dr. Grissom. \*

Drs. Kennedy, Park, Lewis and Ramsey signed the report.

We have written perhaps too much at length, but have desired to express in this form, our satisfaction that the cause may be regarded as substantially won, for it is the cause of truth, of justice and humanity.

We take this occasion to record our hearty approval of the act of the Board of Directors a few days since, in commanding the action of the Superintendents of our Asylum,

Commission Merchants

### Just Received.

A consignment of Blue Ridge Mountain Butter, 16lb. R. F. Jones & Co.

R. F. Jones & Co.

RALEIGH, N. C.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

A full assortment of Staple Groceries for sale at bottom figures.

C. J. Gaines Goods, &c. N. C. FLOUR

peculiarly,

R. F. Jones & Co.

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Prescription Free,

FOR THE speedy cure of Seminal Weakness

most Manhood, and all disorders brought

by the consumption of Excessive Wine.

Address, DR. JAQUES & CO.,

100 W. Sixth St. Cincinnati,

Consignments solicited, highest prices and prompt returns. Stores and Com-

signments of cotton solicited.

"A simple denial from Dr. Hammond

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### SAVE TO LEARN HOW TO DO YOUR IT READ AND HEED HAIR WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surest means of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

BELIEVE YOUR HAIR.—For by so doing it will be saved and beautified.

### LYONS

### KATHAIRON,

Discover thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Lyon, is the most perfect preparation in the world.

BELIEVE being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon, will positively prevent graying, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots are not destroyed.

It actually performs these amazing miracles, or which the following is

### A FAIR SPECIMEN.

First been entirely bald for several years, of course, I say, I used a few bottles of Kathairon, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair, and am now able to wear a hat.

DR. HAYWOOD, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Office in "Baldy Building," opposite the new Post Office, in Raleigh, N. C. His attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Having had four years experience in the banking business, previous to his entering the law, he is a practical bookkeeper, and will devote special attention to settling the estates of deceased persons, executors, administrators, &c. He has permission to each of the Banks in Raleigh.

J. E. BRADY, C. M. BUSBEE, F. H. BUSBEE, READE, BUSBEE & BUSBEE, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS, RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of the Eighth Judicial District. Collections made in all parts of the State. July 20-21

E. G. BRADY, C. M. BUSBEE, F. H. BUSBEE, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS, RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the State and Federal Courts at Raleigh, and will prosecute his clients in the highest Court at Raleigh, and upon professional consultations generally.

JOHN W. HINSDALE, JOHN DEVEREUX, JR., HINSDALE & DEVEREUX, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HINSDALE & DEVEREUX, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, PRACTICE IN Moore and adjoining counties. Special attention given to all collections entrusted to his care. Refer to permission to the Banks of Raleigh.

JAMES A. WORTHY, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Carthage, N. C.

PRACTICES in Moore and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the collection of debts.

B. F. MONTAGUE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office over J. P. Gilluly's Store, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICE given to all collections entrusted to his care. Refer to permission to the Banks of Raleigh.

DR. W. W. JONES, OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.

OFFICE—over Ennis Book Store, 4 doors below West and Lee & Co. Jan 13-12m.

B. B. Massenburg, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PRACTICE given to all collections entrusted to his care.

ALFRED ROWLAND, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LUMBERTON, N. C.

PRACTICE given to all collections in all parts of the State. Oct 2-3d

W. E. MURCHISON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LILLINGTON, N. C.

PRACTICES in Harnett, Cumberland, Chatham and Johnston. Collections made in all parts of the State. Oct 2-3d

JOHN C. TROY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PRACTICE given to all business entrusted to his care.

ALFRED ROWLAND, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LUMBERTON, N. C.

PRACTICE given to all collections in all parts of the State. Oct 2-3d

PEACE INSTITUTE, KINDERGARTEN.

The fall session opens Aug. 1878. Board with English tuition, 12 weeks. Catalogue and circular with full particulars on application. MRS. E. N. GRANT, Principal.

WINSTON Male Academy, CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND COMMERCIAL, J. A. MORSE, A. M., Principal, With Competent Assistants.

The Fall Session will begin August 5th and close December 20th, 1878. Terms in Primary Department \$7.50, English \$12.50, Classical \$17.50.

Term fees Board in private families and boarding houses from \$10 to \$20, month. Instruction thorough, discipline strict but firm. Local as to health, social, moral and religious advantages cannot be surpassed. A local and complete course of instruction in every branch of knowledge within two miles of the place. Full particulars, send for circular.

REV. R. BURWELL & SON, dce 18 3rd fl.

ALL WOOL CASHMERE'S !

ALL Wool Cashmere's!!!

DE ALMA

A New French Fabric of Black Dress Goods.

THE LARGEST AND MOST SELECT STOCK OF

LADIES' CLOAKS ever exhibited in this market.

FELT AND FLANNEL SKIRTS FOR LADIES All qualities, trimmed and embroidered.

A LARGE STOCK AND VARIETY OF CORSETS, at prices to please.

Carpets, Rugs, FLOORING AND TABLE

OIL CLOTH, Brought from the Manufacturers, All new Styles and Choice Designs never before shown in this market.

JUST RECEIVED AT PETTY & JONES'

DAILY ARRIVALS OR NEW AND SEASONABLE DRY Goods,

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL IS PEE EMINENT AMONG SOUTHERN Boarding Schools for boys, in age, in numbers, in extent of patronage, in liberality to parents, and in the ability to provide profitable employment to proficient pupils. The fall session begins JANUARY 15th, 1879.

For catalogue giving full particulars, address MAJ. ROBERT BINGHAM, Superintendent.

"WORTH NOTICING."

BRO. PEPPER, THE OLDEST RESTAURANT IN THE CITY.

Still in the land of the living, will, after an experience of 35 years in the business, guarantee full satisfaction in the eating and drinking.

"Oysters, Game and other delicacies will be served in the best style at lowest rates.

Place of business on Wilmington Street, opposite the well known Clothing and Dry Goods Merchant, Wm. Woolcott.

"Be sure to call on him."

Oct 1-2d

YOUNG BROTHERS & CO.

Cameron, N. C.

Manufacturers and Dealers

In every kind of

TOUGH LUMBER.

Orders solicited and promptly filled. By giving our business our personal attention, we guarantee satisfaction.

Oct 2-3d

IMPORTANT SALE!

On Friday, 20th inst., I will sell at the Courthouse, one or more lots on Blount St.

No

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1878

## Pay of Legislators.

Springfield Republican.

They have been discussing the question of pay in the South Carolina Legislature. Under carpet bag rule it used to be \$4 a day. A proposition is now before the Senate to make the rate \$3 a day to put it on the arguments familiar to your State—that the pay of legislators ought to come down to hard pan, like everything else, that the best and ablest men in the State had served for \$3, and the present members ought to be satisfied with the same. Dr. Taff of Edgefield, the leading Republican of Charleston, the leading Republican of the State, that the pay ought to be \$3 a day, or else nothing. Gary, considering it the best plan after all, the majority of the office being compensated, n. u. Finally the whole matter was voted on the table. Next day the bill came up in the House. Miller, from Beaufort, was not willing to give his services for less than \$5 a day, and a good many white Democrats put an unusually high value upon their time, while others urged that anything less than that compensation would make it impossible for poor men to accept election to the Legislature. The question was finally settled by a compromise, a bill being passed by a vote of 81 to 34 making the pay \$5 for each day of actual attendance, but no member to receive pay for more than 50 days.

## The Silver Report.

The silver commission—Messrs. Fenno, Grosbeck and Walker, and Mr. Ilion, secretary—have made a report for the use of Congress, in which they state briefly their experiences and conclusions. Monometalism, as it was advocated in 1867, they say, reappeared in this conference in the persons of only three small States. That is to say, these were the only States which voted to go on with the demonetization of silver and which recommended a universal gold monometalism. England, which magnified the world on this policy in 1867, now mourns over it, but is not ready to undo her work. The English commissioners conceded that immediate demonetization would be most disastrous. The American commissioners view with the liveliest apprehension the consequences to Europe of the effort to reduce silver to the value of token money, in its effect upon the liquidation of national debts to the amount of \$21,000,000,000, contracted when silver was a standard money metal. They admit that some of the delegates who regarded the maintenance of a bimetallic standard as desirable doubted its practicability, and were at a loss to know how it was to be done. The impression that Europe will be driven back to bi-metallicism is gaining ground in this country. The Financial Chronicle says: "Bimetallicism will come, for it is a European necessity; if we only leave the result to be worked out by the natural causes now in operation." Dr. F. N. Soule writes for that paper a strong article attributing the depression of the dollar to the demonetization of silver. We think, however, it is due more to the waste of war and of the standing armies, primarily, and that the fall of silver greatly aggravates the distress.

## Compulsory Holidays.

Washington Post.

If there is one thing we need more than a system of compulsory education, it is a series of compulsory holidays. All work and no play, if it does not make Jack a dull boy, is apt to make him a very precocious, nervous, irritable lad, prematurely old and wise. Especially is this the case if he happens to be an American boy. There is such an excess of oxygen in our atmosphere at such a high pressure rate that it is little wonder that brain-gire are snap-ped aside. Two or three decades of hurried lives and sudden deaths may teach us a more rational mode of living; but now, as a rule, we take life somewhat too sadly. We do not, as the Vicar of Wakefield quaintly puts it, "suffer ourselves to be happy." If we stop working, it is under protest; and we take our recreation even in harness. The American heir of all the ages comes in for a large legacy of that Anglo-Saxon nervous force that conquers the world. But that which in England resides itself into that British inertia that never knows what it is about, declines into mere stolidity and develops into an insatiable activity which bids fair to wear out the possessor.

But, for the most part, we are dependent on the four days which are recognized holidays—and of these do we really have much comfort? Christmas belongs to the children, and they will see that it is neither forgotten nor ignored, but New Year's, is it not a wearisome day, and as for the Fourth of July, are we not rather inclined to relegate that loud day to the hired girl and the stranger within our gates? One trouble is that we have no cheap amusements. And probably we had, we should be too proud to admit, some preachers, just upon it that recited the Christian duties of life; let some poet chant the praises of leisure; let some philosopher reduce leisure to a science and teach it in the public schools; and when they have failed, as they will fail, because in this country happiness must be legislated, let Congress take the matter in hand and give us a law providing for compulsory holidays.

## The Metallic Conference.

The report of the United States commissioners to the international monetary conference, which has been printed, states that it was the unmistakable sentiment of the conference that the demonetization of silver had proceeded further than was compatible with the interests of Europe and America, and while diplomatic considerations prevented the formal declaration of any opinion, that the monetary relations of silver and gold, as maintained, as well as gold, The commissioners do not desire to be understood that all the delegates who showed themselves favorable to the continued use of silver as money admitted the practicability of a concurrent circulation of the two metals in the same country, or professed a willingness to recommend to their governments action to that end. The English delegation, while strongly depreciating the crusade against silver, nevertheless declared that England would not rescind the monetary legislation of 1815, establishing the "single gold standard."

## Georgia an Example.

Springfield Republican.

Southern States that are devising measures for avoiding the payment of their debt in full may learn from Georgia the use of good credit in lightening their burdens. That commonwealth has marketed at nearly par all of the \$500,000 loan issued to refund a lower rate of interest 8 per cent so far as it can, and it is believed that the whole State debt of \$9,000,000 on which the average rate of interest is 7 per cent, will be refunded in 4 per cent.

## 45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE  
DR. C. McLANE'S  
CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS  
FOR THE CURE OF  
Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,  
DYSPENIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

DRAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are constipated, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left behind something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low, and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

## AGUE AND FEVER.

Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease, to purchase the above mentioned, and follow the directions.

For abdominal derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequalled.

## BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated. Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLane's LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

## HARDWARE.

**T. H. BRIGGS & CO.**  
HARDWARE  
STOVES  
BEECH  
LOADING  
IMPLEMENT  
OWEELES  
SHOT,  
SHells, &c.  
DETNAE  
POWER.  
RALEIGH, N.C.  
HEADQUARTERS FOR  
EVERYTHING

## IN OUR LINE.

COME IN AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK

## MEAT MARKET.

ON HARCETT STREET  
OPEN IN FULL BLAST BY  
F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO.

Fifst Mountain Beeves

Slaughtered daily. Fresh Pork always on hand, at prices that everybody can buy.

## FRESH PORK SAUSAGE

A Specialty, made by experienced Workmen; no String left in the Sausage.

## PORK! PORK!!

Parties in want of Pork can have their orders filled at 5 and 6 cents per pound by leaving their orders with us.

## BALTIMORE BACON

1000 pounds at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ , in any quantity.

## FLOUR! FLOUR!!

All grades, from \$4.00 and \$5.00. Also RICHMOND MEAL

All kinds of Produce always on hand.

The Finest Batter in the City, to be found at

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO.,  
Harcett Street.

## ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

Use French's India rubber Cement for mending Furniture, Toys, Glassware, China, &c. Every cent you save will have a value in the house. Manufactured by W. M. BRIGGS, Petersburg, Va.

For sale by Wm. Simpson, F. H. Heartt Druggists, Raleigh, N.C.

nov 1-6m

GILES'

LINIMENT.

LAME AND SICK HORSES.  
CURED FREE OF COST.  
GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA. Spavins, Splints, and Ringbones cured without Bleeding. Seed for pamphlet containing full information to DR. W. M. COOPER, 120 West Broadway, N. Y. Use only for horses the Liniment in yellow wrappers, sold by all Druggists. Trial bottles, 25 cents.

MANUFACTURER.

FURNITURE.

W. M. HABLISSON &amp; CO.,

Branch of Habliss & Bro., Richmond, Va. An expert and varied stock of furniture of the latest designs. Chamber Sets, Parlor Chairs, Bedsteads, Matresses, Tables, Suites, Book Cases, Lounges, Bedsteads, Chairs, Hat Stands, Washstands, Etc. We have the entire stock for CASH. We are able to offer greater inducements than any house in this city. We are located on the corner of Broad and Market Streets. Our house is the largest in the south and we do not care to give the largest assortment to select iron and other superior iron.

sep 24-21

FIRE INSURANCE.

Old North State Fire

Insurance Company.

OF WARRENTON, N. C.

HAS BEEN IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION FOR SIX YEARS.

A Thoroughly Reliable Home Company.

R. F. LONG, Secretary

BALTIMORE.

WIRE RAILING &amp; ORNAMENTAL WORKS.

DUFUR &amp; CO.,

No. 30 N. HOWARD ST., BALTIMORE, MD. Wire Railings for Staircases, Balconies &c. Screens, Panels, Canopies, Seats, J. Co. Screens, Woven Wire, &c. Also Iron Bedsteads, Chairs, Settees, &c. Jan 31-2m

LAGER BEER

I respectfully call the attention of my friends, partners and the public generally to the most happy results.

MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND  
HEALTHY BEER. Brewed purely and simply, after the Vienna method expressly for export.JACOB SEEDER,  
21 German street, Baltimore, Md.

jan 31-2m

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE.

House and Lot For Sale!

On Monday, January 6th, 1879, at 12 M., at the Court House door in Raleigh, N. C., the undersigned Commissioners will sell at public outcry the House and Lot, now occupied by Mrs. Mary Speight, situated on the West side of Halifax street, adjoining the property of Mrs. Mary Speight and other property of the same owner, bounded on the east by Halifax street, and running back Westward 160 feet.

Terms \$2.00 cash deposit in two equal installments, and two years from date of sale, interest at six per cent, on deferred payments.

Property sold under Judgment of Wake Superior Court, rendered at August Term,

1878.

C. M. BURKE, S. F. MORDECAI, Com.

FOR RENT.

House on Harrett street, now occupied by Capt. G. N. Waitt, House on Wilmington street, the dwelling house and about 30 acres of land, now occupied by the trustees of the Tex Hospital, for the year 1878.

Bond for rent, payable quarterly, with security, will be required.

JAMES M. TOWLES,  
Secretary of Board, Id.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 9, 1878.

HOUSE AND LOT IN RALEIGH TO LET.

On Monday, the 30th December instant, I will rent, at the Court House door in Raleigh, the dwelling house and about 30 acres of land, now occupied by the trustees of the Tex Hospital, for the year 1878.

Bond for rent, payable quarterly, with security, will be required.

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# DAILY NEWS

THURSDAY..... DECEMBER 18, 1875

## THE CITY.

### at Easter Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18.—South Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States northwest to winter weather, slightly warmer, though cloudy weather stationary or rising barometer will prevail.

### Index to New Advertisements

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH—Groceries, BRAGASSA—Toys, &c.  
STRONACH & ALLOCET—Local notice.  
J. WOMBLE—Local notice.  
C. C. CLAWSON—Local notice.

### LOCAL BRIEFS.

—The granite fence posts were put in position around the government lot yesterday.

—Great numbers of quail are now on sale at all the restaurants and around the market.

—No less than three runaways on Wilmington and Martin streets varied the monotony yesterday.

—Nine marriage licenses were issued here yesterday, and it was not a good day for them either.

—Ben Kirkham, white, was yesterday put in jail, having been tried on a capias before Judge Strong.

—Pescud, Lee & Co., have begun to move in their elegant new branch store in the Bagley building.

—The lamps, porches, no doubt do the best they can to shine, but at best are but apologetics for lights.

—The Happy Ethiopian minstrels, colored, will delight the sables at Metropolitan Hall, next Monday evening.

—The nipping, frosty air causes pedestrians to execute all the movements in quick time, while an eye is had to business in the coal and wood line.

—The auction sale of furniture by Mr. Fraps on the 26th instant will afford a fine opportunity for those who wish to buy in a hurry at a great bargain.

—The Asheville Pioneer says the prices of country produce in the Raleigh market, do not appear to range higher than the same articles are sold in at Asheville.

The attractive advertisement of Messrs. W. C. & A. B. Stronach, one of the most deservedly popular firms in the city, will be read with profit by all who are interested in housekeeping.

—It is a sight to see the thousands of rabbits brought in from Chatham. That county is full of hares to judge of the thousands it sends here. They are a staple article of trade, at from five to eight cents each.

—Don't forget that the concert given by the deaf and dumb and blind pupils for the benefit of the Oxford Orphan Asylum, will take place tonight at the Institution Chapel. It must be for a noble purpose and all should attend.

—A day or so ago it was said that perhaps not one church was open Sunday evening but it is now stated that the Church of the Good Shepherd gathered into itself a small congregation that stormy night. They must have been earnest seekers after truth to have faced such weather.

—The sewer pipe has been neatly laid from the Yarbore House to the main pipe, without injuring the roadway of Fayetteville street. The work reflects credit on Mr. T. L. Stevenson, who did it. He will next connect the Pullen building, and then the Citizens National Bank.

—Mr. J. W. Watson, one of the most progressive and thorough-going grocers on Fayetteville street, is constantly making additions to his stock of first-class family groceries. He is attentive to his customers, reliable in all his dealings and carries the stock to justify the largely increasing trade he is in.

**Personal.**  
Col. Walter Clark returned yesterday from Georgia, where he has been for the past few days on professional business.

**Lost.**  
Yesterday, between Fayetteville and East Jones streets, a "Lady's Gold Breast Pin." By having it at this office the finder will be satisfactorily rewarded.

**MARRIAGE.**  
Mr. Thomas K. Howle, who lives three miles from the city, was married yesterday at the residence of Rev. Dr. J. B. Bobbitt, to Miss Mary M. McInval of this country.

**Emancipation Day.**  
Rev. R. H. Cain, M. C., will deliver the oration on January 1st. The colored people are making great preparation for the occasion and will give him an ardent reception.

**Another Sheriff Settles.**  
The fourteenth sheriff came to time yesterday at the Treasury. He was G. L. Benton, of Stokes, and he paid in the following:

Public taxes 1,853.41  
Special " 1,533.02

### The Last to Report.

The last county to report its listed taxables was Tyrrell, which sent an abstract of the same yesterday, by Benjamin F. Sikes, Register of Deeds, as follows:

General taxes 577.47  
Special " 500.60  
School " 1,034.91  
County " 3,743.93

**Ran Over and Hurt.**  
While Dick Bard, a negro boy, was driving along Martin street, yesterday, with a load of cotton, his mare ran away. Dick fell off, and a wheel of the wagon passed over his legs, bruising them badly, but luckily fracturing no bones. He will be well in a few days, as there are said to be no internal injuries, the wheel only striking a leg.

### Put in Jail.

The trial of the six negro cotton thieves, who stole the bale from the Fisher farm, a few nights past, was continued yesterday at the Mayor's office. The six worthless who were on trial were: Sam Wilkins, Major Hin-tou, Sam Avery, Ed. Humphreys, Nathan Sledge and Bryant Avery. The prisoners were represented by counsel. The evidence was such that the last five were sent to jail to await the session of the Criminal Court. Wilkins was held as a witness. A negro named Orange Page was also put in jail, to be used as a witness. It is thought that perhaps there may be yet more of the gang of criminals.

### The Board of State Canvassers.

This board met yesterday morning in Commons Hall, Pres. Dr. Gov. Vance, Secretary of State Engelhard, Attorney-General Kenan, and State Senators Geo. B. Everett and L. R. Waddell. The consideration of the case of the Second Congressional District was taken up, the time of the restraining order of Judge Seymour having ended. The contestants in the case, Messrs. Kitchen and O'Hara, were present, as well as the counsel, who were for Mr. Kitchen, Messrs. D. G. Fowle, Busbee & Busbee, and R. H. Battle, Jr. For Mr. O'Hara, Gilliland & Gatling.

The attorneys for Mr. O'Hara made a motion to adjourn until the appeal from Judge Seymour's decision was decided in the Edgecombe and Halifax cases.

The question of the power of the Board to adjourn further, under the law, was raised by Messrs. Gilliland and Gatling, for the motion, and Messrs. Battle, Fowle and Busbee against adjournments.

The Board, after retiring to consider the question, announced through the Governor that they would proceed with the count.

Mr. Senator Everett stated that he voted with the other members of the Board, to proceed with the count, though he considered the Statute as to time of adjournment merely directory, that the contestants would not be without remedy through the courts or in Congress.

The Board then proceeded to count and announced the vote as follows:

COUNTIES.	KITCHEN.	O'HARA.	HARRIS.
Craven,	765	1,383	281
Edgecombe,	865	1,383	281
Greene,	295	16	
Hanover,	1,119	1,348	769
Lenoir,	584	548	114
Northampton,	1,164	762	70
Warren,	831	1,333	227
Wayne,	2,244	242	1,351
Wilson,	1,424	637	312
Totals,	10,704	9,682	3,948

### At Lumsden's.

Just arrived our thousand flower pots, one thousand gallons stone ware, Pistols (new model Smith & Wesson), guns, powder, shot, caps, &c., cable and pocket cutlery, (knives warranted). Scissors, shears, etc. Also the best stock of plain and fancy sewing machines, bell hanging &c. Tin roofing done as cheap as sangles and warranted. Don't forget Lumsden if you want anything in the metal line.

A house with five rooms and out-houses convenient to the business portion of the city is wanted to rent for the ensuing year. Apply at News office.

**Take Notice!**  
C. Welkel, the well known merchant tailor, will, on the first day of January, '76, move to the store No. 26, on Fayetteville street, formerly occupied by Monie, the grocer.

The "Old Hickory" brand is a sure cut tobacco such as could be had in ante bellum times. There is none on the market now that will compare with it.

Owing to the great rush for dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes, hats, &c., at Zacharias' & Co.'s, they are unable to meet out a regular advertisement call early and secure bargains.

**The Tucker House.**

This hostelry has not long been opened, but has already made itself a favorite here and with the traveling public. The fare is good, the rooms favorable, while the location is very convenient. These many advantages are appreciated.

**B. Sanders,**

Beaufort, N. C., dealer in salt and fresh fish of every description, by pack or barrel. All orders accompanied with cash or good references will receive prompt attention, and be filled at the lowest market prices, out 4-12.

**To the Public.**

At Whitaker's saloon, Hargett street station. Special inducements to contracts of 10 cords or more.

**Get Your Wood**

At Whitaker's saloon, Hargett street station. Special inducements to contracts of 10 cords or more.

**School Statistics.**

According to the provisions of the school law, the Register of Deeds yesterday sent in his report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, from which we gather the following information:

Number of white children; males, 3,882; females, 3,643. Total 7,525.

Number of colored children; males, 3,287; females, 3,276. Total 6,563.

Number attending Public Schools past year, white, 2,473.

Number attending Public Schools past year, colored, 2,500.

Number attending no school past year, colored, 1,366.

Number of Public School houses for whites, 39; for colored, 34. Number of Academies, white, 16; colored, 3; Colleges, white, 1. Number of Private School houses for whites, 37; for colored, 5.

**TEACHERS APPROVED.**

White males 39; white females 24; colored males 36; colored females 22. County examiner, John E. Dugger, Raleigh.

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Number attending no school past year, colored, 1,366.

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